Candidate's Examination Number_____

SMZ

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

033 CIVICS

TIME: 2.30 HOURS TUESDAY 29TH DECEMBER, 2020 P.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. **This paper consists of THREE (3) sections, A, B and C.**
2. **Answer ALL questions in section A and B. Choose one (1) question from section C.**
3. **Write your examination number on each page.**
4. **Write ALL answers in the space provided.**
5. **Use a blue or black pen in writing.**
6. **Cellular phones and unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room.**

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY		
QUESTION NUMBER	**MARKS**	**SIGNATURE**
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
TOTAL		

This paper consists of 10 printed pages

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SECTION A: (40 Marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. For each of the items below, choose the best answer by writing its letter in the table below.

i. The system of government where by a king or queen rules the country is called

A. Republic
B. Constitutional monarchy
C. Monarchy
D. Federation

ii. Which one of the following countries possesses federal government

A. Kenya
B. Morocco
C. Japan
D. The USA

iii. The national symbol that reminds us the important historical events is

A. Court of arms
B. National flag
C. National festivals
D. National anthem

iv. The country which does not follow constitutional monarchy is

A. Sweden B. Japan
C. Netherland D. Tanzania

v. Tanganyika got her independence from Britain in

A. 1691 B. 1991
C. 1962 D. 1961

vi. The interim constitution of the United Republic of Tanzania adopted in

A. 1964 B. 1965

C. 1974 D. 1977

vii. A proposal for a new law or the amendment of an existing law is called

A. Law B. Motion

C. Petition D. Bill

viii. The arm of government that puts laws into effect is called

A. Legislature

B. Executive

C. Judiciary

D. Parliament

ix The highest court in Tanzania is

A. The high court of Tanzania

B. The resident magistrate court

C. The court of appeal

D. Primary courts

x. The following are the problems associated with early marriages except

A. Increase of poverty

B. Breakdown of family

C. Poverty alleviation

D. Complications during delivery

ANSWERS

i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.	vii.	viii.	ix.	x.

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2. Match the items from **LIST A** with the correct answer in **LIST B** by writing its letter in the table below.

LIST A	LIST B
i. Calling while you are driving	A. Mayor
ii. The money or gift given to the female's parents for marriage	B. Gender equality
iii. An unlawful act which is prohibited by the law	C. The house of representative
iv. The day whereby there is labour movement in demanding their rights	D. Cause of road accident
v. The head of municipal council	E. Bus stop
vi. The act of giving priority to one sex in the society	F. Husband
vii. The organ which is responsible in making law in Zanzibar	G. Dowry
viii. The system of laws, principles or regulations by which a country or an organization is governed	H. Crime
ix. The interval in which Tanzania conducts its general election	I. May day
x. The ability of someone to use his or her mental capacity to control the environment	J. Life skills
	K. Gender discrimination
	L. The court
	M. Constitution
	N. Five year
	O. Union day

ANSWERS

i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.	vii.	viii.	ix.	x.

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3. Write **T** if the statement is **TRUE** or **F** if the statement is **FALSE** in the table below.

i National census is important for the development of a nation.

ii. A leader can only be obtained through election.

iii. Proper behaviour is not acceptable in our community.

iv. Family stability can bring better results of student's performance.

v. The able people are needed to keep special care to the special group.

vi. Human rights bring fairness and justice to all people.

vii. The dictatorial leaders always observe human rights.

viii. Parents are the main source of life skills to their children.

ix. The national currency of Tanzania is known as Tanzania dollar.

x. Tanzania is a sovereign country.

ANSWERS

i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	v.	vi.	vii.	viii.	ix.	x.

4. Fill in the blanks with the correct answer.

a. Tanzanians do not go to work on 14th October each year because they remember the death of _____.

b. There are _____ major types of life skills.

c. The first Uhuru Torch was lit in _____independence day.

d. Roads give messages for road users through symbols, shapes and _____.

e. Tanganyika and Zanzibar united on _____ to form the United Republic of Tanzania.

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SECTION B: (40 Marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

5. Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

The growing gap between the rich and poor nations has forced millions of children to be out of school and go to work. It is believed that about 215 million children now are working under dangerous and exploitative conditions. Under age children do different jobs because their families are poor. These child labourers face illness, injuries, exploitation and deaths.

Nowadays it is usual to find girls children do the domestic work especially in urban houses. Domestic child labour can be victims of physical, emotional or sexual abuse.

Another impact may lead them to lack of education, good health and love. Sometimes the house girls are given pregnancy by their house members and chase them away.

In their working these children have no special agreement to protect their rights such as an agreement of working that shows the amount of salary to be paid or time of working and rest.

To remove this problem, there should be clear follow up about people who use children for their own benefits. Also parents should not use their children as the source of income.

Questions

a. Write the suitable title of the passage.

_____

b. Name the main causes of child labour.

_____

_____

c. Point out two (2) problems facing child labourers.

_____

_____

d. What things do child labourers lack in their working place?

_____

_____

e. What are the possible measures to be taken against child labourer?

_____

_____

6. Answer the following questions in short form.

a. State three (3) major individual rights in Tanzania.

i. _____

ii. _____

iii. _____

b. Point out two (2) main arms of the central government.

i. _____

ii. _____

c. Identify two (2) civic national festivals.

i. _____

ii. _____

d. Name three (3) components of the effective communication skills.

i. _____

ii. _____

iii. _____

e. How are life skills helpful in everyday life?

_____

_____

_____

f. Write three (3) functions of the executive.

i. _____

ii _____

iii. _____

g. Mention two (2) Greek words that form the word 'democracy'

i. _____

ii. _____

h. What do you understand by the term "special group of people"?

_____

_____

_____

i. Outline two (2) sources of revenues under the local government authority.

i. _____

ii. _____

j. Write two (2) importance of family stability.

i. _____

ii. _____

SECTION C: (20 Marks)

Answer ONE (1) question in this section.

7. Road accident has become a big problem in Tanzania. Propose six (6) measures to prevent road accidents.

8. Explain five (5) social cultural practices which hinder equal opportunities of men and women in a society.

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