THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL

DIPLOMA IN TECHNICAL EDUCATION EXAMINATION

744 **GENERAL STUDIES**

Time: 3 Hour. **Monday, 07 May 2007 a.m**

Instructions

1. This paper consists of sections **A** and **B** with a total of **eighteen (18)** questions.
2. Answer **all** questions in section A and **four (4)** questions from section B.
3. Section A carries **forty (40)** marks and section B carries **sixty (60)** marks.
4. Mobile phones are not allowed inside the examination room.
5. Write your Examination Number on every page of your answer booklet.

SECTION A (40 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

1. Outline four roles played by the private sector in national development.
2. Mention four functions of the Parliament of Tanzania.
3. (a) Define the term “civil society”.

   (b) State two contributions of civil societies in promoting good governance.
4. List four responsibilities of a good citizen in Tanzania.
5. Give four reasons why Tanzania conducts population census every ten years.
6. Identify two consequences of poor waste management in urban areas.
7. Mention four effects of globalization on Tanzanian culture.
8. Briefly explain the concept of climate change and list two major causes.
9. List four objectives for establishing the East African Community (EAC).
10. State two advantages of maintaining peace and stability in a country.

SECTION B (60 Marks)

Answer four (4) questions from this section.

11. Discuss six challenges that hinder youth participation in national development in Tanzania.
12. Examine three advantages and three disadvantages of foreign aid to African countries.
13. Identify three causes of road accidents in Tanzania and propose three possible solutions.
14. Analyze five effects of corruption on social and economic development.
15. Discuss six roles of education in promoting sustainable development.
16. Explain six effects of unemployment on Tanzanian society.

17. Evaluate five impacts of industrialization on the environment.

18. Assess five measures that can be taken to promote ethical leadership in developing countries.